McKean County Miner.

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McKean County Miner

H. F. BARBOUR, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via. B. N. Y. & P. R. R. leaves Smethport at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 3:25 p. m.

Mail via. B. N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 1 p. m. and leaves at 2 p. m.

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Lodge Directory.

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McKEAN LODGE, No. 333, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

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A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 191, meets every Tuesday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Beehive Block.

H. L. SULLINGHAM, M. W.
WARREN GIFFORD, Recorder.

G. A. R.

Post 57, G. A. R., meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Beehive Block.

E. P. WRIGHT, Com.
J. K. GRAHAM, Adj't.

I. O. O. F.

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BAPTIST.—F. H. GAINES, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 7 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning service. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m. Covenant meetings Saturday's before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every time we preach. All are welcome.

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Official Directory.

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County School Superintendent.—M. O. Campbell.
Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

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ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me; also appointed me to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

WILLSBORO, Dec. 24, 1878.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WILLSBORO, PENN'A, Feb'y 28, 1878.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing lands, the title to which is in the Estate without proper authority therefor. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have on them these descriptions. Any claim, if it is adjudged to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidence are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

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In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam. Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Iron Sinks, Pump, etc.

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OFFICE—Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 39tf.

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O. R. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.

Persons desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

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will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

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Office over Eastwood & Barr's Drug Store.

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ELDRED, McKEAN CO. PA.

Capital Paid $100,000

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Deposits bear interest if left for a specified time.

Money loaned on approved security.

Transacts a general banking business, makes collections on all points in the United States and gives to all business entrusted to us its careful attention.

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WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Latest Telephonic.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

H. S. SARTWELL, - Prop'r.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

Tables and Bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel.

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA

W. D. CHAMBERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all its parts for the comfort and entertainment of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE

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P. J. VICKERY, - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the N. Y. & P. and B. N. Y. & P. RR depots. The house has recently been rebuilt and newly furnished in the most modern style and is now a first class house and

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - PROPRIETOR

The above House has been recently Rebuilt Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

BUCKTAIL HOTEL

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R. E. LOOKER, PROPRIETOR.

Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best Hotels in McKean County.

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 8, Washington St.,

BRADFORD, PA.

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. XVIII-43tf

Broezel's Hotel,

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BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

SCOTT HOUSE

E. L. SCOTT, PROPRIETOR,

Port Allegany, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDEVEINT

Would respectfully announce to his customers and the public generally that he has removed his Barber shop into his recently furnished and commodious new Stanley Frost building next door to W. D. Dailey's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

SENDKER BROTHERS.

Anatomical Boot Makers

Recognized as the leading boot makers of the old regime.

No. 9 KENNEDY st. } BRADFORD.

Lasts made to fit the foot and measured for emblazons. Measures remained for future orders. Orders by mail or were promptly attended to. Goods sent to any part of the United States by mail or express. Having remained a number of first-class work men from New York we are now prepared to execute all orders entrusted to us on forty short notice. Corns removed without pain by Louis Sendker, Surgeon Chiropodist.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

We employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN.

All of our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Rosebrook and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT OUR SHOP and we will convince you that we can do better by you than can any factory dealer.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1879

MISCELLANEOUS.

A LETTER FROM BLAINE.

THE MAINE STATESMAN ON THE SURPLUS REVENUE.

Objections to the Plans Endorsed by the Pennsylvania Republican Convention. A Rare Opportunity to Relieve Honest Taxation.

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 23, 1883.

Charles Emory Smith, Esq., Editor Press, Philadelphia.

MY DEAR SIR. I have your note inquiring if I would be willing to give, in the more authentic form of a letter over my own signature, certain views which I expressed in conversation several weeks since, touching an important financial question. I understand you refer to some observations I made in one of your sanctum editors in regard to the proposition of the republican state convention of Pennsylvania for "the distribution of the surplus revenue of the National treasury among the states." I understand you to refer still more particularly to a suggestion of my own as a substitute for the Pennsylvania proposition, to which I thought I saw fatal objections. I have no reason for withholding my views, and I admit the wisdom of your suggestion that I would better state them myself than to have them possibly misstated by others.

The proposition of the Pennsylvania republican convention is to distribute "among the states any surplus in the National treasury that may arise from a redundant revenue." The first objection which I see to this proposition is the utter uncertainty of the amount of "redundant revenue." It may be one million or it may be one hundred millions. The amount, depending as it does on so many contingencies, cannot be determined in advance with even approximate exactness, and the states could not, therefore, depend upon a steady resource. Unless steady it would not bring relief, because it would not enable the states to dispense with any part of their own systems of taxation. An occasional gift from the National treasury would not be valuable. That was proved by the distribution of the revenue under the act of 1836, in the presidency of General Jackson. It did no good. It was frittered away in all the states. Here, in Maine, they made an absolute per capita distribution of it among the entire population—a trifling sum to each. That, of course, threw contempt upon the whole measure.

There is a second objection to the Pennsylvania proposition which, in my judgment, is still more serious. If you simply resolve to distribute the "redundant national revenue" among the states, you impose on senators and representatives a divided interest which would be embarrassing and hurtful. For the benefit of their states—especially of those states that might be in pressing need of money—senators and representatives would desire the "redundant revenue" to be as large as possible. This would present a constant temptation to withhold appropriations from objects of a really national character. It would be unfair to senators and representatives to lay upon them and before them obligations and motives which would constantly tend to turn them from the straight path of duty to the National government. You cannot have the National government and the State government joint owners in the same treasury without mischievous conflict. Such a partnership is at war with the well being of both state and nation.

A third objection to the Pennsylvania proposition is that it proceeds upon the assumption of a continuing redundancy of national revenue. This is opposed to all sound views of administration. The government wants just enough revenue. A redundancy always leads to extravagance, to many forms of corruption, and to all manner of schemes for getting rid of money. A congress assembling with tens of millions of surplus at its disposal is very sure to hold sessions which would prove profitless to the people and perilous to its own members. Since the war closed we have had no embarrassing redundancy in the treasury, because the payment of the national debt has offered at once the readiest and the wisest mode of appropriating every dollar not needed for the current expenses of the government.

The time is rapidly approaching, however, when, by reason of the terms in which the national debt is funded, the payment of the remainder must of necessity be postponed for years; the larger part of it, indeed, to the next century. This brings with it the necessity of reducing the national revenue. The present system of taxation is yielding more than a hundred millions beyond the amount required for the ordinary expenses of government. Its reduction will soon become an imperative duty. Indeed, a strong movement is already on foot for the repeal of the entire system of internal revenue on the consumption, (which is justified by facts), that remains from customs will afford abundant revenue for the needs of the government. The protectionists desire this—but not they alone. Judge Kelley is not more earnestly in favor of it than is Mr. Cox, of New York, who is a most intelligent representative of the free trade interest. Many of the leading free traders in congress are opposed to the continuation of the tax on spirits. It is, therefore, quite evident—it is at least highly probable—that a coalition of men holding antagonistic views on the question of protection will, at the first opportunity, effect the abolition of the system of internal revenue.

This conjunction of circumstances gives, in my judgment, a rare opportunity to relieve taxation in the states. It is under the state governments that taxation is felt most severely. The national government has the benefit of easy, indirect, forms of taxation. It is the direct tax that is felt to be oppressive. At the beginning of the war the national government levied a direct tax of twenty millions of dollars upon the states—about sixty-six cents per capita upon the whole population. It frightened the people, and the effect was so depressing that all kinds of competition and adjustment were invented to avoid payment. But concurrently with the fright occasioned by the direct tax, hundreds of millions were raised in a single year by customs and by excise without a word of protest or a sense of hardship.

Our state and municipal taxation is direct. It comes upon the property with crushing force. There are few communities in the United States that pay so little as a 1 per cent per annum on the actual value of their real property. There are many communities that pay more than 2 per cent on the actual value. The houses, the farms, the factories, the stores, the shops, all feel it as a heavy burden—a burden unrelieved by any form of indirect taxation. Why, therefore, should not the states be permitted to have the tax on spirits for their own benefit, if the national government does not need it? The national and state governments, as I think I have shown, cannot safely share the same revenue; but if the national government has no longer need of the tax on spirits, why should not the entire amount which it yields annually be paid over to the states? Could it be regarded as wise statesmanship to continue the heavy, oppressive direct tax on all property under the state governments and at the same time command a hateful luxury like spirits to go free? That would be a folly which no other government on the globe could by any possibility commit. The tax on spirits oppresses no one. It is paid only by the consumer, and the most extreme advocate of temperance cannot maintain that taxing the article increases its consumption.

The national government has an absolute monopoly of the revenue from customs because the states are forbidden by the constitution to levy a tax on imports. The excise tax was left open to both the national and state governments. But, as a matter of fact, it is only the national government that can effectively levy and collect it. Should the state of Illinois, for instance, attempt to levy an excise tax on whisky, the distilleries would be removed across the river to Missouri. Each state in turn that should attempt to collect an excise tax would find itself baffled and dismissed. It is only the national government that can do it, and the national government can do it for the benefit of all the states. Instead, therefore, of repealing the tax on spirits, the national government can assign it to the states in proportion to their population. The machinery of collection is today in complete operation. A bill of ten lines could direct the secretary of the treasury to pay the whole of it, less the small expense of collection, to the states and territories in the proportion of their population, and to continue it permanently as part of their regular annual revenue.

The amount yielded by the tax on spirituous and malt liquors last year was over eighty-six millions of dollars. On the basis of the census of 1880 it would pay about $1 75 per capita to all the people. The tendency would be to increase rather than diminish this ratio as time goes on. Illicit distilleries would disappear when every state and every town should come to realize that it was being defrauded of its own revenue by permitting or winking at the violations of law. On the basis of $1 75 per head, the relief to the states would be very great. I append a table showing what each state would receive on the basis of the present revenue. In considering the question, as I have very carefully for several months past, I have possibly overlooked objections which others may suggest. But the more I have reflected upon it the more evident it has become to my mind that it is wiser to tax whisky than to tax farms and homesteads and shops, and it would be an act of incalculable folly to remit the eighty-six millions of dollars instead of giving it to the states for the relief of oppressive local taxation.

I trust I have made the difference between this proposition and the Pennsylvania proposition sufficiently plain. The one which I have suggested gives the revenue from a specific tax wholly to the states, and does not depend upon a chance surplus or an accidental remainder in the national treasury. It makes the tax on spirituous and malt liquors a permanent resource to all the states, relieving them thereby definitely to readjust and reduce their own taxation. Each state could most wisely use its share according to its own necessities. In Maine, for example, our share would enable us to repeal absolutely the state tax proper, leaving only the county and town taxes upon the people. In your state of Pennsylvania, where licenses support the state government, the cities and towns could receive pro rata the seven and a half millions which would fall to your share. Your city of Philadelphia would receive nearly a million and a half per annum. States that have been so oppressed by debt as to be tempted or driven to repudiation would be enabled to regain their credit, and every community from ocean to ocean would, in one form or another, realize that burdens of taxation were in some degree ameliorated. I believe the measure would prove a "great beneficence" to the people in all parts of the republic. Very respectfully,

JAMES G. BLAINE.

NOTE.—The revenue of the last fiscal year from spirituous and malt liquors was a little more than eighty-six millions of dollars. This amount, divided among the several states and territories, according to the plan outlined in the preceding letter, would give the following sums to each—the statements being made in round thousands:

Alabama	$1,720,000	New Jersey	$2,580,000
California	1,290,000	New York	9,890,000
Colorado	200,000	North Carolina	1,720,000
Connecticut	1,290,000	Ohio	8,170,000
Delaware	200,000	Oregon	344,000
Georgia	1,720,000	Pennsylvania	7,995,000
Florida	470,000	Rhode Island	430,000
Illinois	4,300,000	South Carolina	1,720,000
Indiana	3,440,000	Tennessee	2,580,000
Iowa	2,150,000	Texas	1,720,000
Kansas	1,075,000	Vermont	688,000
Kentucky	2,365,000	Virginia	3,010,000
Louisiana	1,290,000	West Virginia	1,290,000
Maine	1,290,000	TERRITORIES.	
Maryland	1,505,000	Arizona	70,000
Massachusetts	3,870,000	Dakota	387,000
Michigan	3,440,000	Idaho	86,000
Minnesota	1,505,000	Montana	86,000
Mississippi	1,290,000	New Mexico	258,000
Missouri	4,300,000	Utah	258,000
Nebraska	258,000	Washington	172,000
Nevada	258,000	Wyoming	86,000
New Hampshire	860,000	Dist. Columbia	258,000

Our Generation Changes.

There are thousands of people living in this country to-day who never expected, when young, and other fond institutions to be brought to an end in their day and generation. These wrongs to a down-trodden race were deemed invincible, but yet one generation has seen them blotted out, and now the present one sees just as great evils obliterated with an army just as strong as any that ever waged war for the benefit of the opposite. Change is written everywhere. The life and views of mankind are changed in a single generation, and the coming generation will regard the unreasonable worry of the flourishing cults of to-day. In no profession is there more advancement being made than in the science of medicine. Physicians are learning to practice common sense as well as medicine. They are beginning to prescribe PERUNA for a large number of the complaints of mankind, and with astonishing success. They should keep on in the good work and this end is assured. Send for the book on the "Ills of life," and for a bottle of Peruna, to Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbus, Ohio.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Constipation, Dyspepsia and Indigestion cured by using Sheidt's Little Sandrake Pills. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

It is urged to give the asparagus beds a good salting at this season.

For any irritation of the throat or lungs Sheidt's Excelsior Cough Syrup is unsurpassed. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Ammi and gypsum have proved highly beneficial to potatoes in many sections.

For internal and external pains use Joseph's Oil. It stops them instantly. Only 25 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The Baldwin apple is a favorite in Ohio. It bears young and seldom misses a season without a crop.

Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator cures all forms of heart disease, nervousness and sleeplessness.

How to purify rancid butter is a recommendation which is unnecessary in well regulated dairies.

No other pill could take the place of Dr. Day's Liver Pills; all should use them.

Mrs. F. M'Pauley, Whistletown, Pa.

ALL the smaller fruits can be grown from cuttings, and in this manner may be indefinitely multiplied.

Dr. Day's Liniment helped my horse's lameness at once; other kinds had failed.

Chas. Brown, Brandywamp, Pa.

OVER 10,000 canvassers of motion in a frozen condition were lately received at Manchester, England, from South America.

White Pine Petroleum Hard Ointment, for hard and feverish boils. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son. Price 25 cts.

The farmers who make the farms profitable are those who grow crops that are not always the easiest produced. They endeavor to make labor profitable, and apply it where it can be used to the best advantage.

I was bilious and nearly sick; half a box of Dr. Day's Liver Pills cured me.

G. W. Nichols, Ridgway, Pa.

An Orange county, N. Y., dairyman has tested the matter, and found that his milk, sold at 3½ cents per quart, was as good as butter—allowing twelve quarts of milk for a pound of butter—at 36 cents per pound.

As a general restorative, and to stop nervous dreams and lying awake, nothing can equal Dr. Day's Shoonah & Nerve Tonic.

The cost of transforming an acre of swamp into a cranberry meadow in bearing condition is about $400. The profits, however, are large.

Toxic Laxative Horse Powders, the only guaranteed purely vegetable powder in the market, put up in tin cans. Price 25 cts. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son.

The Rural New Yorker claims that there are laws in some states against weeds, and that it must be the duty of some one to attend to the enforcement of such, but this is not usually done.

$50 gone if Costarine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corns, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son. Price 50 cts.

Dr. D. B. Day, Ridgway, Pa.—Send by stage 1 gro. your Liver Pills, 2 doz. Cough Syrup, 2 doz. Carbolic Ointment, 2 doz. Liniment. Among all the medicines on our shelves, yours are the ones that sell.

Verstine & Sandt, Brookville, Pa.

Veterinary practice was recommended to young men at a recent meeting of the Kentucky medical society. The horses of the country being valued at $300 000 000, it is estimated that the annual loss from want of sound advice and treatment amounts to $15,000,000.

Hardly a newspaper printed but speaks of a sudden death by heart disease. Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator would have cured it, strong assertion; but many have and they were taken from the grave by it. $1 per bottle by druggists.

LIFE'S LABORS.

Either a Source of Pain or Happiness.

What a great thing it is to live, and to live so as to do good to others! How few there are who appreciate their blessed opportunities, and improve them accordingly! Life means earnest and active work. One should love his life work, and labor intelligently with some good end in view. Each day should see some noble action performed, and its evening find each traveler one day's journey nearer home. He should enter upon the race with a brave heart, and keep up his courage until the end. Yet how many there are who fail in this world either through laziness, inattention or ill health. An unwell man or woman can never love life or its work. At heart they cannot do as much as the one possessed of a daring soul and a healthy body, who loves his work. This was true of Mr. J. W. Reynolds, of New Lisbon, Columbiana county, Ohio. Through hard and incessant toil, and close application to business, his health had become greatly impaired. He had become a confirmed invalid, and the removal debility of his system was alarming. He could not sleep well; neither could he work. A friend recommended that he try the famous PERUNA. At first no great change was noticeable, but he persevered. He took eight bottles, and as a result was perfectly restored to his former vigor and strength. He says he now feels like a new man, and is daily seen about the streets of his city. He enjoys the best of health, says it will all come to PERUNA. He loves his labor, and takes pride in his work, and is unceasing in his praises of the great remedy which restored him.

The Greatest Pain Killer.

Yet found for cramps, colic, stitch in the side or back, neuralgia, rheumatism, sprains, bruises, &c., is Hamilton's Jamaica Ginger Tonic and Pain Cure. Bound on with hot wet cloths, it never fails to cure. For dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, flatulence, diarrhœa, dysentery, heartburn, sour stomach, &c., it is unequalled. Warranted to give relief. Used both internally and externally. Warranted to cure. Try it. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

LAPEER, Mich., Feb. 3, 1881.

I am in receipt of your circular. I keep a good supply of your Downs' Elixir (all the sizes.) believing it to be one of the best cough remedies put up. I also keep Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, and Beauty & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment. U. D. BENEDICT, Druggist.

The above named remedies are all warranted to give satisfaction, and can be found in any first class drug store. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Millions of Persons

Die annually, who might be saved if attention was given to the little ills of life. Coughs, colds, sore throat, &c., are easily cured by using Hamilton's Cough Balsam which removes the irritating to the throat, and tightness across the chest, helps to throw off the poisonous matter and heals the inflamed membranes. Immediate relief will be found in croup, bronchitis, whooping cough, &c., and even in chronic cases and last stages of consumption great relief is received. For incipient consumption it works like a charm. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are moist or dry, intolerable itching, increasing by scratching, particularly at night, until it seems as if the parts would be scratched off. Almost any one of the symptoms of this terrible disease is produced by worms. Both are cured by using SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. It is a positive cure for Pruritus, Ascarides, Seat Worms, Pinworms, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Scurf, Scaldhead, Ringworm, Itch, Blotches, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Carbuncles, and all diseases of the skin, of whatever name or nature. Also for Worms, Pain, Salt Rheum, Scaldhead, Ringworm, Barber's

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Payable IN ADVANCE, one year $1 50; six months, 75c; three months, 13 cents.
ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of 15 cents per inch per line of space for one insertion, 20 cents for ten, and 25 cents for three insertions. Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Executors' and administrators' notices $1 50 each for six insertions.
Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5 00 per year.
Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.
Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.
All communications should be addressed to
H. F. HARBOUR,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 7, 1883.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The message of the President was transmitted to congress Tuesday afternoon. It is quite lengthy—too long for publication in our columns. It is a plain, business like document, with no effort at rhetorical display and no recommendations of a novel or experimental character.

The relation existing with foreign nations are represented to be of the most cordial and friendly nature. In regard to the deportation of British paupers to this country the president thinks that as the action of the authorities on the other side, who claim to do all in their power, were ineffectual a revision of legislation upon the subject is advisable. After paying some attention to the rights, abroad, of the American hog, the representation of the government at the coronation of the Russian czar, he touches upon our relations with Mexico, which are such as to promise a future of mutual profit and friendliness. In remembrance of the excitement of last year over the South American question, the president's comments showing the advancement made and the marked betterment of the feeling prevalent between the various nations of the great southern peninsula as a result of the friendly offices of the United States, are of great interest.

Attention is called to the violation of the law restricting Chinese immigration; to the advisability of cooperation with other nations in promoting the rights of trade and residence in the Congo valley, Africa, free from the control of any one nation; a suggestion is made for a small appropriation and the establishment of discretionary power with the president in appointing delegates to international congresses and then follows the grand showing of the country's financial condition. The questions pertaining to surplus revenue are fully discussed—possible dangers threatening the contraction of the currency by the retirement of securities, are pointed out; the trade dollar is relegated to its proper place in the mints as bullion, and the consolidation of certain customs districts is judiously recommended. The Indians are reported quiet, only one serious out break that subdued by General Crook in Arizona—having occured during the year. The construction of respectable sea coast defenses, the encouragement of the national guard and the increase of the naval steagth to proportions commensurate with the necessities of harbor defence and the protection of our commercial interests are all strongly recommended. The reduction of postage upon drop letters in carrier offices from two cents to one is also recommended. Postal telegraphy receives a set back in the presidential disapproval, though it is stated that some authority of law should be granted to the government for the exercise of some sort of supervision over inter-state telegraphic communication.

The mormon question is handled boldly and at last the right stand is taken in relation to the attitude of the Utah church and its territorial government toward the United States authority. The president favors the repeal of the act upon which the existing government depends, the assumption by the national legislature of the entire political control of the territory and the establishment of a commission with such powers and duties as shall be delegated to it by law."

An important portion of the message is that relating to the necessity of protecting by suitable legislation the forest on the public domain. The establishment of forest preserves wherever practicable in territory not available for purposes of settlement, is advised.

The excellent working thus far of the principles and regulations of the civil service commission and the beneficial results thereof are shown. Its practical methods, the president affirms, appear to be adequate for the ends proposed. Attention is again called to the necessity of the adoption of some measure like that which passed the senate last session regarding the presidential succession and emergencies arising in case of the inability of the executive to perform the duties of his office. The much desired amendment to the constitution to enable the president to approve of such items in appropriation bills as may seem best, and to interpose the veto in case of others in the same bill, is again asked for. The concluding clause, calling upon congress to enact such supplementary measures as lie within their power to secure the protection of the colored people in the rights intended by the amendments recently declared unconstitutional, will receive universal endorsement.

THE president's message is just what we would expect from so clear-minded, manly, sensible, business-like an executive as President Arthur. It is an able document, with no nonsense about it. He did not make it an occasion to ventilate any pet theories or foist any peculiar policy of his own upon the public.

THE Pennsylvania legislature has adjourned. Let us all give thanks.

THE Pattison party of Pennsylvania should retire to some secluded corner and kick itself.

CHAUTAUQUA is now being boomed as the best point for holding the next National Republican Convention.

JUST bear in mind that Carlisle got but one vote in the eastern states for speaker and one from the great middle states.

THE democratic organs will now all turn in to the defence of Carlisle, the solid south-free trade champion. They've got to do it.

THE Atlanta, Ga., *Constitution*, the most able and influential democratic newspaper in the south, characterizes the defeat of Randall and the election of Carlisle as a "serious blunder."

ON assuming the speaker's chair Mr Carlisle made a very mild speech for the purpose of allaying apprehension, but the business interest of the country wants something better than mere words.

CONGRESS assembled on Monday in accordance with the decision of the democratic caucus Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky, was elected speaker of the house. The ball has opened and there will be any amount of politics to the square acre in this country for the next ten months.

WE publish on the first page of this issue the letter of Hon. J. G. Blaine giving his views as to the disposition of the surplus revenue of the government. Its publication has created a great deal of comment both favorable and adverse, and we would suggest to our readers that it is worthy of careful and thoughtful reading.

THE trial of young Nutt for the murder of the murderer of his father began at Uniontown on Wednesday morning. He plead "not guilty." The panel of jurors was exhausted and only three sworn, when a motion for a change of venue was granted and the case certified to Allegheny county. The change is considered by Nutt and his friends to be greatly in his favor.

THE generosity of the Irish Americans has again been imposed upon. After a contribution of $47,000 for the defense of O'Donnell all that was done for him was to call one witness and send General Pryor over there to make a remark or two in whispers to the prisoner and his counsel. He was found guilty and sentenced without any trouble, as if the wheels of English justice had been greased with the $47,000.

ON a small calibre democratic governor has again made a holy show of himself and been sat down upon. He vetoed the bill appropriating the money to pay for his extra session nonsense because they had not obeyed his orders and passed the appropriation bills, and scolded the members of the legislature like a great big spoiled booby. The members of the house and senate, both democrats and republicans, were of course mad, and passed the bill over the veto.

THERE is but one really vital political issue before the people, viz: Protection vs. Free Trade. Whether American industries and products and the labor of the American mechanic shall be guarded by a protective tariff or whether the bars shall be let down to free admission of foreign products of pauper labor. The democratic party has proclaimed itself the party of free trade. The republican party is the party of protection of home industries. This is all there is of it. More could not be said in a dozen columns.

HON. JAMES BLAINE has written a letter to the Philadelphia *Press* combatting the Wharton Barker scheme of distributing the surplus revenue of the federal government among the states, which was sandwiched into the Pennsylvania republican platform last fall. Three fatal objections, in Mr. Blaine's opinion, makes the distribution scheme unwise:

I. The utter uncertainty of the site of redundant revenue. It may be one million or one hundred millions, and unless steady, no state tax could be resulted on account of the receipt of this aid, while sporadic federal contributions to the states would be wasted as was the last distribution of the federal surplus.

II. The division of this surplus would impose on senators and representatives a divided duty. For the sake of their states they would wish the surplus to be as large as possible, which would present a constant temptation to withhold appropriations from the object of a really national character.

III. The assumption of a continuing redundancy of national revenue is opposed to all sound views of the administration, because it sure to yield to extravagance, corruption and all manner of schemes for getting rid of money. The time is rapidly approaching, however, when the national revenue yielding under the present system of taxation, a hundred millions beyond the amount required for government expenses must be reduced.

He proposes that the tax on spirits, if the federal government has no longer need of it, should revert to the states. Each state could most wisely use its share according to its own necessities. The total return of tax on spirituous and malt liquors last year was over $96,000,000, an amount which would tend to increase rather than diminish, as each state saw that the suppression of illicit distilleries was to its advantage. With revenue state taxation could be remitted, state debts paid, or if the aid were divided among cities and counties, their expenses would be proportionately diminished. In a table annexed to his letter Mr. Blaine shows that the share of the large states on the basis of population would be $6,888,000 for New York, $7,498,000 for Pennsylvania, $5,388,000 for Illinois and $6,890,000 for Ohio. The smaller states receiving in proportion.

The Victory of Carlisle.

The Democratic struggle at Washington ends in the nomination of Mr. Carlisle for Speaker. His decisive and emphatic majority marks the uprising of the undisguised, unchained Democracy and lets loose its radical and extreme forces. It sharpens the issues on all sides, and most distinctly draws the lines for the Presidential battle of 1884.

There is no mistaking the significance of the result. It is not personal, but political. Both Mr. Randall and Mr. Carlisle are respected as men of high character, wide experience and large ability. In a personal point of view there was little to choose between them, and that little had no weight in determining the contests. It was not what they were, but what they represented, that decided the battle. The defeat of Mr. Randall is the overthrow of the conservative elements of his party. The success of Mr. Carlisle is the unmistakable triumph of the Southern, free-trade, unrestrained section.

Mr. Randall clearly stood for the moderate and moderating influences of the Democracy. He accepted the tariff settlement of last Winter and opposed the reopening of the agitation. The business interests of the country looked to his success as the best assurance which the Democratic party could give that it would not enter upon any disturbing and injurious crusade. His nomination would, indeed, have proved defensive, for it would simply have been a mask rather than a chain. It would not have changed the essential character or the ultimate purposes of the party. At the most it would only have been a postponement and not an abandonment of its real designs, but it is not likely that the outbreak could have been delayed even through the present session. Mr. Randall in the chair might have attempted to curb it, but he would have been powerless against the dominant principles and irresistible tendencies of the party.

The nomination of Mr. Carlisle has the merit of being a plain, bold, unequivocal avowal of the ragnant Democratic spirit and purpose. There is no disguise about it. Mr. Carlisle is the ablest champion among all the Democratic representatives of the opposition to Protection. He will organize the House against the existing tariff, and lead the attack upon it. The Southern representatives constitute the majority of the Democratic party. Hostility to the tariff is its leading principle. In putting Mr. Carlisle at the front it declares its real policy in frank and direct fashion, and the country knows now just where to find it.

The result simplifies the issue between the two parties, and makes a straight, direct fight on the commanding question of Protection.—Philadelphia *Press*.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

KENTUCKY whisky must be protected, though Pennsylvania foundries fail.

BEAUREGARD and Jubal Earl receive $10,000 each from the Louisiana Lottery.

THE democratic congressmen have already begun to assist in the election of a republican president.

THE solid south has wheeled into line first. Can it expect that there will be anything but a solid north?

DEMOCRATIC blunder No. 1 has already been committed. Verily, fellow-republicans, the circus opens auspiciously.

IF the Cobden Club doesn't set out a free lunch over this victory it need never again count on the co-operation of Kentucky.

THE result of the speakership fight indicates clearly enough that congress hasn't heard of the result of the November elections.

MR. BLAINE has set the key of current political discussion by pointing out how local industry can be protected by taxing local drink without reducing the protection to national industry by reducing the national tariff.—Phila. *Press*.

"YESTERDAY," says a Missouri newspaper, "the town wore a decidedly Sabbath-day aspect. All the stores did a tremendous business, and a horse race and dog fight were incidents of the day, which was a Thursday."

NEARLY all the Justices of the United States Supreme Court are good whist players, and have formed themselves and their families into a whist party, meeting every Saturday evening at the house of one of their number.

"A PRETTY little story is told," says a Newport correspondent, "of the Earl and Countess of Rosebery, who were here a short time since. A day or two before their wedding took place Miss Rothschild asked the young Earl what he would like for a wedding present from her. Oh, he replied, suppose you give me a box of gloves. The box of gloves was sent enclosed in an elegant inlaid case. On opening the box the Earl discovered an envelope addressed to him in a well known hand. He expected it contained a dainty little note. It did, but not the sort of note he imagined. The contents of the envelope was a check written out and signed by Miss Rothschild, and in favor of the Earl, and was for the modest little sum of $200,000."

Randall and Blackburn.

It looks as if Mr. Randall will have another fight on his hands. It is customary to tender to the chief competitor for the speakership a choice of committees, barring the committee of ways and means. Mr. Randall's friends claim appropriations for him, but that irrepressible Kentuckian, Joe Blackburn, is a claimant for that place. As Blackburn withdrew his candidacy in favor of Carlisle, it will take some dexterous manipulation to get Joseph out of the way, as he says he will stick. Randall's friends insist on appropriations or nothing. The southern oligarchy is a rapacious animal.

Death of Judge McDermott.

Hon. Arcus McDermott, president judge of the XXIVth judicial district, composed of the county of Mercer, died at his home in the town of Mercer, Friday morning, aged 66 years. He was a lawyer of prominence before his elevation to the bench, had filled several county offices, and in 1863 was strongly recommended to the Democratic state convention for judge of the supreme court. He was first elected president judge in 1874. Governor Pattison will be called upon to appoint a successor to fill out his term.

The Logical Carlisle Ticket for 1884.

The following would be the logical Carlisle democratic ticket for 1884: President, Joe Blackburn, of Kentucky; Vice President, Billy Morrison, of Illinois. Platform—Abolish all factories and custom houses. Music—The rebel yell.—Philadelphia *Times*.

The Democratic Situation.

The defeat of Mr. Randall is accomplished, and Mr. Carlisle will be the next speaker of the house. We cannot resist the assertion that this is a serious blunder, and that Mr. Carlisle's triumph will prove to be dearly purchased.—Atlanta (Ga.) *Constitution*.

OVER THE VETO.

Governor Pattison Disapproves of the Appropriation Bill, but Both Houses Quickly Pass It in Spite of His Objections.

A message from the governor vetoing all of the appropriation bill except that portion which relates to the pay of employes, was presented to the legislature at noon on Tuesday. The governor based his action on the ground that the business for which the legislature was called in extra session had not been attended to. The house, after a brief discussion, adjourned until 4 o'clock. The senate, without action, adjourned until 3 o'clock p. m.

When the house assembled it acted separately on the different sections of the appropriation bill as vetoed by the governor, and then passed it over the veto by a vote of 163 to 35.

The senate considered each section of the appropriation bill by the governor, and then passed the bill over the veto.

A Frank Admission.

By electing Carlisle to the highest national office in its gift, and by entrusting to him and the committees which the new Speaker will appoint the management of the business of the House of Representatives the Democratic party has fully committed itself to the work of tariff revision.—Buffalo *Courier*.

The Democrats Give It Up.

Waldo Hutchins and other influential New York Democrats do not take kindly to the Carlisle Democratic free trade dose. The majority predict a Republican majority in the Empire state for 1884. The Pennsylvania Democrats now throw up the sponge and prophesy 50,000 majority for the Republican candidate. The New Jersey Democrats also concede that the jig is up.

The Docket Entry.

The docket in the great case which has been made up for trial in 1884 reads:

A Solid South
And Free Trade,
Versus
A Solid North
And Protective Tariff.

The plaintiff is given from this time forward to March 4 to make special pleadings.

Glad It Was Made That Plainborn.

Mr. Carlisle is to be the democratic speaker of the next house. We are glad of it. His nomination, which means his election, is an approach toward a frank expression of feeling on the part of the democrats. Their party has no excuse for existence if it is not for the free trade and unless it goes into the national canvass of 1884 on a free trade platform it will be trying to ride two horses at once. For these reasons we think well of the nomination of Mr. Carlisle. It places his party on a platform on which we shall be glad to fight it.—New York *Tribune*.

Another Prediction.

De Vos, the New Jersey meteorologist, agrees with Vennor in his prediction for a mild winter. He says: "According to my reckoning it will require at least six weeks—that will be the middle of January—before we will have a snow storm of sufficient importance to bring our sleighs out. And December will be remarkably mild. We will have a few sudden cold blasts from the north, then a white frost, followed by warm southwest winds and rain, and the rain storms will increase in force as the storm belt drifts southward."

NOTICE TO BEER BOTTLERS.

An Important Decision by the Supreme Court—They Must Take Out a License, Same a Year Like Hotel Keepers.

A decision affirmed by the supreme court in reference to the licenses of bottlers that establishes a precedent not observed throughout all the counties of the commonwealth has just been placed in circular form by Auditor General Lemon and mailed to every judge, district attorney and county treasurer in the state. The opinion was rendered in the case of the Commonwealth against Henry Flacke, a bottler who was indicted for selling without license. The defendant had a county license and was engaged in selling beer and other malt liquors from pint and quart bottles. Judge Brown, in his charge, which has been affirmed by the supreme court, said:

Now, unless there is a special provision in the law for the granting of licenses to bottlers to which attention has not been called, we take it that the licenses must be granted by the court, as is provided by this section of the act of 1875. Section 6, of the act of 1875, provides "That any sale made of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixture thereof, contrary to the provisions of this law, shall be taken to be a misdemeanor, and upon the conviction of the offense in the court of quarter sessions of the peace of any city or county, the person so offending shall be sentenced to pay a fine," etc.

WHAT THE SUPREME COURT SAYS.

From the examination of the acts referred to we are of the opinion that the license issued by the treasurer to the defendant as a bottler, did not, and does not authorize him to make sale of malt and brewed liquors by the single pint and quart bottle, as desired by the purchasers, and that in doing so he is guilty as charged in the indictment with selling malt and brewed liquors without license. We are strengthened in this conclusion by the consideration of the extreme care taken by the legislature, in guarding the public against the abuses and dangers incident to the unrestricted retail traffic in malt and brewed, as well as spirituous liquors. The applicant for an eating house or restaurant license to sell malt and brewed liquors must be a citizen of the United States. He must give notice of his application. He must come into court endorsed by twelve of his fellow citizens, as a man of temperate habits, and of good moral character. It must appear by certificate, that such license is necessary, and before the license is granted he must give bond with sureties conditioned for the faithful observance of the law regulating the sale of this kind of liquor.

But if the law is, as claimed by the counsel for the defendant in this case be correct, then any and every person, citizen and non-citizen, temperate or intemperate, honest or dishonest, may engage in the business of selling malt or brewed liquors by the drink, simply by paying the treasurer the sum of fifty dollars, provided only, that the drink shall be furnished in a bottle instead of a glass, and that it shall be drank outside the premises of the vendor, instead of at his counter or table. We think that such is not the law, and say to you, that under the admitted facts of the case, the defendant is guilty as charged in the fourth count of the indictment.

Under the above it is now construed by the auditor general that bottlers must now take out a license once a year, as do the hotel and restaurant keepers, and through the same channels.

THE election of Free Trade Carlisle is a declaration by the Democracy that the intelligent American workingman is no better than the pauper laborer of England.

The English Manufacturers Happy.

The joy among the Kentuckians on Saturday night over the choice of the Democratic caucus for speaker was not greater than that of the British exporters and mill owners, when they heard the news on Sunday morning.—Philadelphia *Ledger*.

Vanderbilt's Coal and Iron Police.

The Williamsport *Breakfast Table* says that Thomas E. Clark, who is now captain of the coal and iron police at Gerrets, Clearfield county, will probably accept a similar and more lucrative position on Vanderbilt's railroad between Jersey Shore and Clearfield, of which Hon. Wm. A. Wallace is president. Sixty officers will be required to complete the force, a man to each mile of the road.

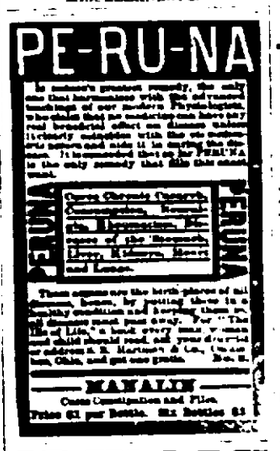
"THANK God for the opportunity to knife the Pennsylvania iron men!" shouts Frank Hurd, the notorious free-trader. And all the rebel brigadiers give the same old rebel yell, and shout: "You'uns is right, suh, fo' a face."

For Sale or Rent.

The House, Blacksmith, wagon and carriage shop on Water street, in this borough. Terms easy. Apply at once at JOHN DIGEL'S Marble works.—1617

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA



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Cures Constipation and Piles.
Price $1 per Bottle. Six Bottles $5

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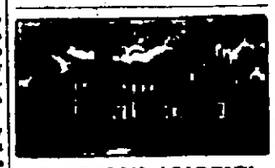
of all descriptions.
SILVER-WARE
The Best Made.
POCKET CUTLERY
TOYS,
A Full Assortment.
SPECTACLES
AND
EYE-GLASSES
And all therein in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.
I Will Match the
'ROCKFORD'
Watches against the World for time and money
All kinds of
REPAIRING
a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.
Call and See us.
M. L. Armstrong,
MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA

LIGHTNING COMPOUND
FOR
REMOVING STUMPS OR ROCKS
Will remove them at half the usual process of ordinary burning. We have the agency for the Township of
Keating, Eldred, Cores and Liberty.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
OVIATT & REYNOLDS,
AGENTS.
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 6, 1883.-3m

C. A. ANDERSON & CO.
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Groceries
HATS,
CAPS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
NOTIONS,
FLOUR,
FEED,
Hardware, Crockery, etc.
ALSO
DRUGS & PATENT MEDICINES
Prices as low as any other house in the county. Give us a call.
Custer City, Pa., Sept. 21, 1883.—3m

E. A. SPRAGUE'S
HARDWARE STORE,
Opposite the Grand Central,
IS HEADQUARTERS FOR
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware,
House Furnishing Goods
SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,
Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,
In short everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The General buying good Bear judges of what they may consider the best that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at not a more above than any other place in the Country.
A COMPETENT TINNER
Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

THOS. R. FRISBEE,
General Dealer in
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Boots and Shoes,
Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles
CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.



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MISCELLANEOUS.

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BOOTS AND SHOES
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G. A. GROVES & SON,
NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.
They Will Charge You Fair Prices, But They Warrant Their Goods to be Just as Represented.
You Cannot Afford to Buy From Irresponsible Parties
They Sell the Best At Lowest Prices.
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TORPEDOES!
THE
ROCK GLYCERINE COMP'Y
Have come to stay, notwithstanding the Monopoly has assured the world that all competitors should be driven out of the field.
They Never Have and Will Not be Undersold.
They manufacture their own stock and it is
THE PUREST GLYCERINE
IN THE FIELD.
They have the most experienced shooters in the business, and there is no shell that can compare with those they use.
STOCK, SHELLS, CANS AND MEN
Always on Hand.
Sign of the
BIG SHELL,
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No. 12 Chambers street,
BRADFORD, - - PA

HURRAH! HURRAH!
A CHANCE FOR EVERYBODY!
From 50 to 100 Per Cent. saved!
As a Sample of Bargains Read Below.

Bedroom Suits of 7 Pieces, Only	$16 00
Bedsteads, Casters and all Complete,	3 00
Bed Springs,	1 50
Matress, Full Weight,	3 00
Matress, Very Large,	3 50
Bed Lounges,	12 00
Carpet Lounges, the Best, Having from 5 to 8 Springs more than any other Lounge made, only	7 50
Solid Walnut Stands,	90
Solid Walnut, Marble Top, Stands,	1 50

The above is but a drop in the ocean compared to Our Bargains.
CALL EARLY AND SECURE THE BEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED.
—AT—
FREEMAN & DREW'S
PALACE FURNITURE EMPORIUM,
No. 93 Main Street, - - - BRADFORD, PA.

LEGAL.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 497, May Term, 1883.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONWEALTH of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas Mary Ann Murray, by her next friend Henry T. Holmes, did on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1883, present her petition to us, the Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, setting for the reasons therein set forth that she was legally married to John Peter Murray, on the 4th day of July, A. D. 1861, and that by the said marriage contract the said John Peter Murray, did on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1883, at the County aforesaid, and at divers other times and places between that day and the day of the exhibiting of the said petition, commit the crime of adultery with one Mary Ann Murray, and praying for a divorce from the bonds of said marriage, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

[Seal of Common.] Witness the Hon. H. W. Fisher Court, } Williams, President of our said Court at Smethport, this 9th day of Oct., A. D. 1883.

(Signed) JOHN R. BRAWLEY, Prothy.
HUGH F. BRAWLEY, Dep'ty.

A true copy.
Attest: A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.
J. M. Cunningham, Att'y

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 466, Feby Term, 1883.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania, to the sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas Eugene A. James did, on the 12th day of July, last, make her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the reasons therein set forth, that by reason of the adultery committed by the said husband, Eugene A. James, with one Jane R. James.

We therefore command you, the said Jane R. James, that nothing could all other business omitted whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges of our said Court at Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the 2nd Monday of Dec. next, to answer the petition or libel of said Eugene A. James, and show cause, if any you have, why the said Eugene A. James, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

[Seal of Common.] Witness the Hon. A. G. Fisher Court, } Olmsted, President of our said Court at Smethport, this 25th day of Nov., A. D. 1883.

(Signed) JOHN R. BRAWLEY, Prothy.
HUGH F. BRAWLEY, Dep'y.

A true copy.
Attest: A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.
W. W. Mason, Att'y.

Hotel For Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale his Hotel property at Keating Summit, in McKean county, Pa. The house is newly and well furnished, and is doing a good business. Location unsurpassed for a summer resort. Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to or address

OTIS WETHERBY,
Keating, Pa.
Sept. 28, 1883.—tf.

Estrays.

CAME TO THE PREMISES OF THE UNdersigned on or about July 1st, 1883, three yearlings. One a light red steer with white face and white spot on rump, one red heifer, white face and white spot on rump, and one white heifer with red ears and head, all of which will be disposed of unless owning to same, pay charges and take away.

L. E. LUDWIG.
Colegrove, Pa., Nov. 16th, 1883.—3t.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EVERYBODY GOES TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked,
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
VEAL AND HIDES
—CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.—
Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main St.
J. F. ROONEY.

BROWNELL BROS
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.
AGENT FOR THE
White Sewing Machines
OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."
Smethport, - Pa.
February 9, 1883.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PREMIUMS.

GOLD GOLD $250.00 GOLD GOLD
GIVEN AWAY.
1st, $100 in Gold
2d, Gold Watch, Value $100.
3d, Gold Watch, Value $50.

The above Three Grand Premiums to be Given Away to the Patrons of
RUSLANDER
The Square Dealing Clothier,
On January 1, 1884.

IN ALL LARGE CITIES

The Leading Clothing Houses, in order to show the appreciation of the large trade given them, give away premiums to their customers. Some give horses, buggies, parlor sets, etc. Appreciating the confidence of our customers and the large patronage they have given us, and desiring to show our thankfulness to them, we shall present to every purchaser of a suit of clothes or overcoat, between October 1st, 1883, and January 1st, 1884, a ticket entitling the holder no one chance in the drawing for the first prize,

$100.00 In Gold.

To every purchaser of men's furnishing goods, a ticket entitling him to one chance in the drawing of the second premium,

A GOLD WATCH,
[VALUE $100.00]

To please the boys, who are great patrons of my store, we will present every purchaser of a boys' or child's suit or overcoat, a ticket entitling them to one chance in the drawing for the third premium,

A GOLD WATCH.
(VALUE $50.00.)

THE DRAWING will be conducted by prominent citizens of Bradford, and under no consideration will any tickets be given, except upon the above conditions of purchase. The drawing will be published in the city papers of Bradford.

The Importers Speak to the People Through Their Agent,
DeSILVER WELD,
—OF—
WELD'S CARPET HOUSE,
100 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

As the public know I have always been identified with the largest and first-class dealers and manufacturers of
Dry Goods, Carpets, House Furnishing Goods, Crockery, Glassware, Etc.,
I take great pleasure in once more coming before you as a GREAT REPRESENTATIVE IN THIS LINE.

I Have Men Watching the Auction Rooms and Bankrupt Sales, Cash in Hand, for Bargains in
Glassware, Crockery, China,
Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Linens.
—MY FAMOUS—
Five-Cent Counter
Again Speaks to You as a Former Souvenir.
DOLLARS GIVEN FOR CENTS!
—DON'T FORGET—
DeSILVER WELD,
100 Main Street.
REMEMBER I HANDLE NOTHING BUT
THE BEST GOODS
My Former Record and Reputation is Beyond Dispute as an Honorable Dealer.
Gold Dollars at 33 1-3 Cents
IN ALL GOODS AT
WELDS CARPET HOUSE
100 MAIN STREET, BRADFORD, PA.,
For the Next Sixty Days!
N. B.—We close our store at 7 p. m. every night, Saturdays excepted. We fill our bill and customers regardless. Customers will please note this to avoid disappointment.
DeSILVER WELD.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 7, 1883.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The label on your paper shows the time to which it is paid.

If you want the address of your paper changed, give the old address as well as the new one.

If you want your paper stopped, pay arrearages, otherwise you will continue liable if the paper is sent to you whether you take it from the office or not.

If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. We send every man's paper every week, and the trouble is with the mails when not received.

The Oil Market.

The following table contains the fluctuations for the week closing yesterday:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
Friday	1.16½	1.17½	1.16½	1.16½
Saturday	1.16½	1.16½	1.16½	1.16½
Monday	1.16½	1.16½	1.16½	1.16½
Tuesday	1.16½	1.16½	1.15½	1.15½
Wednesday	1.15	1.15½	1.15	1.15½
Thursday	1.15½	1.15½	1.15½	1.15½

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—December has five Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays.

—Ex-Sheriff Bartwell is moving into his new residence on King street.

—The outlook is bad for parties waiting for snow to fill log contracts.

—Moses Hackett has bought of Wm. Rifle his residence on Mechanic street.

—The full force of the Eldred *Eagle*, except the proprietor, was in town on Tuesday.

—The extract works have been shut down for some time, because, as we are told, of an excess of supply.

—The MINER will in one more week complete its twenty-first year. Birthday presents are now in order.

—The walk on Church street, between Main and Water has not been repaired yet. Have we a borough council?

—Rev. W. C. Tanson, of Clermont, will preach at the M. E. Church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and at 7 p. m.

—Uncle Sam has nearly $363,000,000 in his treasury. He will soon have nearly enough to start a daily newspaper.

—The comet will be visible the 12th inst. It is said to be nearing the earth at the rate of one and a half million miles a day.

—W. F. Peck moved his family and household goods into the house recently occupied by Roswell Bartwell, on Water street, yesterday.

—The trial of the murderer of "Major" Ashton is expected to take place at the next regular term of court, commencing the 17th instant.

—Argument court convened Tuesday noon and adjourned Wednesday evening. The lawyers say a large amount of work was done.

—Senator Lewis Emery Jr., made a present to the state of the $1,856 46 due him as his salary during the extra session of the legislature.

—We are a careless people. During the year ending June 30, nearly 12,000 letters were mailed in this country with no addresses upon them at all.

—We are informed that a number of our citizens contemplate joining the excursion to Florida, which leaves Bradford the next day after Christmas.

—Parties wishing the services of a professional nurse could not find a more competent person than Mrs. Frank Kerns. See her card in another column.

—The G. A. R. camp fire of last week seemed to bring gall and bitterness to the soul of the *Democrat*. The reminiscences of the war were evidently quite distasteful.

—The G. A. R. Post 347 netted nearly $150 by their entertainment Thanksgiving day. At the raffle J. R. Chadwick won the clock and Clarence Moses the watch.

—A. B. Armstrong thinks "those two great democratic organs—the Philadelphia *Times* and Bradford *Era*—are unduly alarmed about the future of the democratic party."

—According to the *Reporter* Thanksgiving day was observed in that borough by a free-for-all fight on the streets in the evening with whiskey bottles as weapons and their contents as a stimulus.

—Ananaias and Sapphira are recorded in history as the greatest liars of the 1st century. There were no plumbers in those days. If there had been Ananaias and Sapphira would never have been heard of.

—The old engine, worn out in the service, which has for months been doing duty on this end of the B. B. & K., has been given a few weeks rest and recreation, and is now at its post again with renewed health and vigor.

—It is suggested that each public school pupil contribute one cent for the erection on the capitol grounds at Harrisburg of a monument to Thaddeus Stevens "the father of the common school system" of this state.

—In our notice of the Episcopal services, in our last issue, the "intelligent compositor" made the litany service read "library" service. The aforesaid t. c. is evidently not extensively acquainted with the forms of service in that church.

—Deputy Sheriff Dean escorted prior old Mrs. Dolan, of Bradford, to the jail this morning. The miserable creature was so shaken and weak from continued drinking that it was with the most painful effort that she dragged herself from the depot to the jail.

—E. G. Apple, ex-sheriff of Crawford county, and a brother of John Apple, late clerk in the prothonotary's office, is in the borough taking orders for Blaine's "Twenty Years in Congress." It is a work that needs no solicitation to secure subscribers.

—The average citizen of Bradford is always ready to "take a chance," whether on the market, at a raffle, or on the turn of a card. Raffles for music boxes, diamond rings, gold watches, and everything imaginable of worth or beauty is just now the popular form of gambling.

—A health journal says: "Too thick underclothing causes unnatural redness in the face and nose." If a person buys his underclothing by the gallon and puts a tumblerful into his vital parts too thick, it probably does have that effect. Beware of underclothing that comes in jugs!—Elmira *Advertiser*.

—The Elmira *Gazette* tells of a man named Zolff, who was in that town recently but has suddenly left. He is a man now living with his 23d wife, of whom 20 are now living. He is, undoubtedly, the most numerously married man in the country, outside of Utah. At one time he was in jail for bigamy and had over a dozen complaints against him, but was not indicted.

—An enterprising individual by the name of Bush sold a peculiarly formed cat to Deputy Sheriff Dean last week, claiming that he caught it in the woods. The next day Dr. Freeman claimed that the feline curiosity was his property, and it was restored to him. The man who "found" the cat is the same ingenious Bush who "found" a valuable dog belonging to Judge Johnson last summer.

Opening Day.

Mrs. J. W. Reilly invites her friends to attend the opening of her Art Embroidery Rooms in the Kiltredge Building, on Wednesday, Dec. 12th, next.

O'Donnel to Hang.

O'Donnel, the slayer of informer Carey, whose trial was concluded in London on Saturday, was found guilty and promptly sentenced to be hung. English justice is swift and severe.

Hose Company Election.

The election of officers of the Smethport Hose Company for the ensuing year will take place this evening. A full attendance of members of the Company is expected.

Fine Billiard Playing.

William Cotton, a well known local billiardist, of St. Louis, in a practice game of straight three-ball billiards last Friday, made a run of 719, the highest ever made, beating Shaeffer's best by 24 points.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday, Dec. 9, are as follows: Holy Communion at 8:00 a. m; Morning Prayer at 10:30 a. m; Evening Prayer at 7:00 p. m. Evening service will begin half an hour earlier during the winter, commencing at 7:00 o'clock.

A Big Calf.

John Rooney, the east end butcher, bought an eight months calf of W. F. Ormsby the other day which weighed when dressed 407 pounds. It is a pretty good two-year-old that will weigh as much, and John was at a loss whether to call it veal or beef when he cut it up.

Startling, If True.

Commodore Linderman, the new proprietor of the Sunday *News*, announces in his salutory remarks that he proposes to publish a "babbomedial sheet." Whatever that is, we suppose it is something extremely sensational. But we hope Phil. will do nothing rash or that he may regret.

To Have More Gas.

To make certain that there shall be an ample supply of gas the Smethport Gas Company have determined to drill their No. 2 well deeper and also to put down another well. The contract for both has been let to C. P. Byrom, of Lafayette. The new well will probably be put down on Wm. Ramer's farm.

For a Saddle and Bridle.

Val. Poff and A. J. Parker are contestants for a saddle and bridle,—the one raising the most money for benefit of the Smethport cornet band to win the prize. Every one is solicited to sign the little book of one or the other, with a small contribution. The award will be made during the coming holiday fair.

Holiday Fair.

Bills are out announcing a holiday fair two evenings of this month, the 25th and 26th. The fair is given by the band boys at Kittredge's opera house. Among the attractions of the occasion will be good music and plenty of opportunity for dancing, and those who would pass the holiday season pleasantly and profitably should be sure to attend.

Baptist Church Items.

W. Z. Georgia has been re-elected treasurer and Mrs. C. L. Douglass clerk.

Services next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and at 7 p. m., (instead of 7:30 as heretofore.)

In the evening the third lecture on Pilgrim's Progress will be given, including his deliverance from his burden, and the loss and recovery of his roll.

There is but One Who is Happy.

The democracy of this borough received the news of the defeat of Randall for speaker of the house of representatives and the election of Carlisle in sadness and sorrow. They all bemoaned the fact as a mistake and almost a calamity, except A. B. Armstrong. He is happy, for he was an original Carlisle man. He is an outspoken, honest democrat himself, and does not pretend to be what he is not, therefore he was not a Randall man.

G. A. R. Officers Elected.

At the annual meeting of Post No. 141, G. A. R., of Bradford, Wednesday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Commander	R. F. Wright.
Sen. Vice Commander	J. C. Buskirk.
Jun. " "	W. H. Grumbine.
Adjutant	A. L. Hughes.
Quartermaster	E. V. Chadwick.
Surgeon	S. D. Freeman.
Chaplain	D. A. Easterbrook.
Officer of the Day	A. H. Fuhrer.
Officer of the Guard	Silas G. Bush.
Ordnance Sergeant	Henry Herring.
Quartermaster Sergeant	E. Bartwell.
Sergeant Major	J. D. Barnes.
Representatives to the Dept Encampment	J. C. Buskirk, A. H. Fuhrer.
Alternates	E. Bartwell, E. V. Chadwick.

BRADFORD.

Ada on the Rampage—A Mortified Home Missionary—Other Items from Busy and Bad Bradford.

Thanksgiving passed away quietly, and without any disturbance. The banks and postoffice were closed as usual on holidays.

Mr. Reis, one of the proprietors of the opera house, returned last week from a trip to New York where he passed a few days hunting up first-class attractions for the season in Bradford.

Just now Councilman Andrews and Whitehead are filling the columns of the daily papers with their ideas about the new waterworks. Jule has the best of the argument thus far it would seem.

The first dance of the swell "No Name" association is booked at Orpheus Hall for the evening of Dec. 11th. It will be a bang-up affair, no doubt. The music will be furnished by Puppenberg's celebrated orchestra from Buffalo.

Kate Claxton played to a big house on Monday night, in the Two Orphans. Kate claims to have played in this drama something like two thousand times. It is about time to put the old-timer on the shelf we should think. The company she brought with her was a rather poor one, the only redeeming feature being the charming Kate herself.

The frame structure which was used by the Bradford bambs during the time the brick annex was being built to the exchange, has been purchased by the gymnasium club and fitted up in good style with all the modern apparatus for the development of the muscles. It will be a good place of resort during the winter evenings.

Prof. Marcellus Clay Zedaker, more familiarly called by those whom he has deigned to honor with his acquaintance as Zed, old boy, is with us again. He has rooms at the Henderson House and gives audience to callers but once a day—in the afternoon. Zed is a trump card and is said to be a great masher among the female sex.

Cain, the proprietor of the Gem theatre, is to have some opposition in the near future. George Johnson, the artist, and Vantinal character actor, propose to start up a museum in Orpheus Hall, if it can be rented for the purpose, and will open up about Christmas week. In addition to the museum it is proposed to give a first-class variety entertainment which will be free from all the indecencies which characterise the Gem performances. It is proposed to keep the affair open day and night so that ladies with their families will have a pleasant place in which to pass an hour or two.

Wang Wah, one of the Chinese washee-washee men of the city, has managed to scrape together enough American gold and silver to enable him to take a trip to see his wife and family in China. He will start overland to California next Monday morning and will take a steamer for Yokohama, from which point he will have to travel by land to his home. Wang Wah has been a resident of Bradford for about three years and during that time has behaved himself in an admirable and unostentatious manner. He has been a regular attendant at the Chinese Sunday School and occupies a position among his race to which some great dignity is attached. During his trip to China he will leave behind him a partner who will take care of his business interests.

Ada Gray, the emotional actress, gave two performances at the opera house on Thanksgiving day, in the new "East Lynne." The receipts for the matinee and night entertainment footed up to nearly a thousand dollars. In the evening the audience was subjected to rather a long stage wait between the second and third acts, the reason of which could only be guessed at. It was subsequently ascertained that the charming Ada had a wrangle with her stage manager about certain arrangements of the scenery, and both of them took a firm stand, carrying on a stormy conversation which was perceptible to those who sat near the footlights. The truth of the matter was that Ada, (would you believe it, Mr. Editor?) had been taking in a little of that sort of Bradford booze, which causes the tongue to wag and the cheek to glow—Fact. Perhaps such things shouldn't be mentioned in print, but then the newspapers of the day are filled sometimes with worse trash than we can write.

Great guns! The Salvation army is heading for Bradford. There is a big field for them here. Oh, by the way, Mr. Editor, we have a kind of a local organization which has no titled name but the object of it is about the same as any other institution of the same sort—that is for the good cause of temperance and the desire to save a soul here and there. Of course the society is composed of women, and for the most part the ladies are the wives of some of our most successful business men. Well, recently they thought to do some good on Pig Island and thither they went; the first place they struck being a "coon dive," presided over by one Hattie Lynn, a woman as black as a piece of coal. The ladies were invited into the parlor and took seats. The spokeswoman made known the object of their visit and dilated at some length upon the graceless life Hattie and her companions were leading, winding up her remarks by asking the "coon" whether she didn't have a sort of lonely feeling in the world, and if she didn't yearn for something better than her present degraded position. Now, say, Mr. Editor, I hope to die if Hattie didn't go and blurt out something like this: "Oh, no! Missy, we isn't half so lonely as you think we are. Why, Mrs. ——, (speaking to the leading lady), I knows you and your husband hofe, and he was here only las' night, so you see we manage to have plenty ob company." You can imagine the mortification which ensued, and quietly, yet quickly, did they make themselves scarce. There's no humbug about this—it's a fact. Just think, if I would give you the name of this lady, what a stir it would make in society.

Bradford, Dec. 6, 1883. NIBSY.

A Bradford Mining Company.

From a private letter we learn that Hon. L. Rogers has recently purchased for Bradford parties a five-eighths interest in a valuable mining property in South Half Moon Gulch, near Leadville, Colorado. The purchasers are Messrs. Huff & Egs, Lewis Emery, Jr., W. W. Brown, R. S. Stoker, H. P. Malone, J. E. Haskell, N. B. Smalley and Joseph Dube. The vein of ore averages 18 inches in thickness in the tunnel now being run, and Mr. Rogers has had several assays of the ore, which runs from 120 to 800 ounces of silver to the ton. The snow is too deep in the gulch to get any of the ore out this winter, but he is confident that before the close of next season the owners of this property will get their purchase money back two or three times.

A Narrow Escape.

At an early hour Tuesday morning a gas main in the St. Elmo Hotel, at Kane, burst, setting fire to the building. The alarm was given by some parties playing billiards in the cellar, or the entire hotel would have been consumed and a great many guests have lost their lives. As it was, some were nearly suffocated by the gas and escaped with nothing but their night clothes. The loss will not be heavy. —*Era.*

FALL CLOTHING—Greenewalds', Bradford.

Burning of a Masonic Temple.

The magnificent Masonic temple in New York was discovered to be on fire in the fifth story last Saturday morning, and not until the fourth and fifth stories were practically demolished was the fire quenched. The commandery room was in the fifth story, and the loss to the different commanderies in furniture, decorations, regalia, uniforms &c, is fully $30,000. The total loss to the building and contents will reach $100,000.

BOYS SUITS—Greenewalds', Bradford

Weather on December.

Weather may not know any more about the weather than anybody else, still it is interesting to know what he says: The fore part of December will probably continue cold and may lead many to look on an early setting in of the winter of '83-'84, but as in 1878 all will be open again during the latter part of the month and the close of the year of 1883. The year will go out and the new year enter with but little or no snow, even in northern sections.

CHILDREN'S SUITS—At Greenewalds', Bradford, Pa.

In the Toils.

L. E. Poynear, an accomplished rogue who figured prominently in the criminal court of this county a few years ago, is in jail at New Orleans and has gained as high a position as a rogue that his mug is thought worthy to grace the columns of the Police *Gazette*. He was foreman of the *Erie* freight house at Bradford, and while in that capacity stole quantities of goods, some of which he disposed of to merchants and used the remainder to furnish rooms in palatial style. He was arrested seven times by Detective Wilmoth on charges of larceny, but was as often bailed until finally he was committed to jail. He pleaded guilty and being released on bail jumped the county. For the past six months he was chased from point to point for robberies committed while yard-master of the Missouri Pacific at New Orleans. His record since leaving this county has been highly unenviable.

FALL OVERCOATS—Greenewalds', Bradford.

"Cinderella or The Crystal Slipper."

Commodore Cornelius has been engaged for some time in adapting the the above entitled play to the stage. He has introduced new music, written expressly for the play by himself, and has also had new scenery painted and rich wardrobes furnished.

For the production of the play the following is the cast of characters:

PRINCE PAPETY	COM. CORNELIUS.
Flambeau, the Princes' Valet	Clarice Rachus.
Baron Bachelorbash, Cinderella's Father	J. Baker.
Clarence, Chess	Clarence Moses.
The Princes' Tutor	Irm Weaver.
CINDERELLA	Miss HATTIE CLOUGH.
Gertrude, Cinderella's Half-sister	Miss Bertie Cornelius.
Thisby, Cinderella's Sister	Miss Sadie Knapp.
The Fairy Godmother	Miss Nora Baker.

The Commodore has at great expense secured the services of Miss Mattie McKellin, who will render some of her wonderful piano solos between the acts.

The production of this delightful drama will be duly announced, and will no doubt be attended with crowded houses.

Boy's and Children's

Clothing. Largest assortment. Lowest prices—Greenewalds', 124 Main st., Bradford, Pa.

A Bully Punished.

A dispatch from Eldred states that H. W. Sutherland, proprietor of the Gillmore House at Indian Creek, shot Wm. Mooney through the left lung Tuesday night. The trouble grew out of an old grudge partly and partly from trouble in the house that evening. Mooney was sitting up with a dining room girl and it being late Mrs. Sutherland told her she ought to get the table ready for breakfast. This made Mooney angry and he spoke of Mrs. S. in very harsh terms, and going into the bar-room tore the top of the bar off. Sutherland, who was in bed, got up, and taking a revolver went to the bar-room, and when seen by Mooney the latter made the remark that he was the ——— ——— he was after and started for him. Sutherland told him to stand back or he would fire. Mooney didn't stand, and about to grapple with Sutherland received the shot. Mooney had been drinking and was considerably under the influences of liquor. He is a very large man and quite a desperate character, well known through the oil fields. It is not thought that Mooney's injuries will prove fatal.

Largest Stock

Clothing, Hats—Greenewalds', opposite the Riddell House, Bradford, Pa.

The Hunt Trial.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 1.—The trial of James Nutt for the killing of N. L. Dukes, the slanderer of his sister and the commission of his father, on June 13th last, will begin, according to present arrangement, on Wednesday next, the 5th inst. Much interest is manifested by the public of this section of the State in the coming trial, and the town will be crowded during its continuance. Popular sympathy is very strongly in favor of young Nutt, and he will be ably defended, Messrs. Playford and Boyd, of the local bar, being reinforced by Major A. M. Brown and Marshal Swartzwelder, of Pittsburg, and Senator Voorhees, of Indiana. District Attorney Johnson, John Boyle and David F. Patterson, of Pittsburg will prosecute the case.

It is said the counsel for the prosecution do not desire to see young Nutt severely punished, but will strive for conviction, and will then interpose no serious objection to his pardon by the Governor.

The expenses of the trial will be very heavy, and there are excellent reasons for the statement that notwithstanding the newspaper talk about liberal contributions toward a fund to meet these expenses, the sum total received from all sources does not exceed three hundred dollars, and the unfortunate family are suffering for the means necessary to meet the costs of the defense of the son and brother now in trouble. Those sympathizing with them can perform an act of charity, and aid a deserving cause by sending contributions to the family.

Agents on Hand.

Charley Keuler's old customers will be glad to learn that he can again be found at the bellows at the old Kerns blacksmith shop, ready to undertake the most difficult job of horseshoeing. There are few better workmen in his trade in the state.

A Democratic Wail.

The two editors-in-chief of the McKean *Democrat* were present at the G. A. R. meeting in the court house on Thanksgiving day, and listened to the speeches. They were honored with an invitation to "come up higher" and take a front seat, as "members of the press." They came up—the senior (in years) with an assumption of boldness and dignity as one who was used to it, the junior with a becoming diffidence and modesty that will eventually wear off by contact with his surroundings. Everything was as serene and nothing occurred to mar the harmony or beauty of the scene, until Pension Examiner Roberts was called upon to make a few remarks. Now, Mr. Roberts is in the eyes of a hungry democrat a very disreputable person—a "republican office-holder." However worthy and capable a man may be, the moment he accepts a responsible position under the government (unless the administration is, perchance, democratic) he immediately becomes "a liar and a villain." Such, in the view of the *Democrat*, is Mr. Pension Examiner Roberts. He was a soldier four years. He is a man of unusual intelligence and ability, and a trusted officer of the pension office, but—he is an office-holder, and therefore a bad man. Such is democratic logic. But the fact that he was a "republican office-holder" would have been overlooked if he had kept his mouth closed, and had not made a speech, or if in his speech he had dealt in empty platitudes instead of plain truths.

He stated as his belief that the war was brought on by a few ambitious men in the south who attempted to dissolve the Union, because they could not control it, and to set up a government of their own where they could have things their own way. This opinion the *Democrat* says is "belittling to human nature," and "an insult to the intelligence of the southern people" who were "at least sincere and brave in defending their cause." The editors of the *Democrat* seems to have mistaken the latitude and the age in which they live. Such sentiments would have been more fitting south of Mason and Dixon's line twenty years ago, and are indeed an "insult to the intelligence" of any people.

But this opinion was not the most cruel thing Mr. Roberts said. In the course of his remarks, as an incident illustrative of the darkest days of the war, he related how an eminent citizen of New York stood before a large audience on the fourth of July, 1863, and bemoaned the war as a failure, and cried out in tones of agony "where are the victories you have promised us?"—and that just as the words fell from his mouth, as if in answer to his cry, a telegram was handed him announcing the great victories of Gettysburg and Vicksburg. Mr. Roberts did not mention the name of the eminent citizen, but the *Democrat*, with a wonderful insight, concludes that the great democratic peace-at-any-price apostle, Horatio Seymour, was the man, and denounces the allusion as "entirely out of place" and calculated to stir up "sectional feeling." The little story is not denied. It cannot be, because it is true. But the *Democrat* and its class would draw the veil of oblivion over all history that is discreditable to the record of its party and politicians. Unfortunately for them, it cannot be done. They are dreadful afraid of arousing anything like a "sectional feeling" in the north. No fault is found with the sectional policy of the south. The solid south is a good thing, because it is democratic. The solid south has just now rallied in force and elected a sectional, free trade speaker, on a sectional issue, and it proposes to control the democratic party, and the nation if possible, as in the days "befo' the wah," while their sycophantic and submissive northern followers have only words of condemnation for a sectional feeling—in the north.

For the sake of their own peace of mind, we advise the editors of the *Democrat* to hereafter remain away from Grand Army gatherings where they will be forced to listen to the advocacy of pensions to wounded Union soldiers and truthful and distasteful reminiscences of the dark days of the rebellion. Let them only attend those reunions where the noble stay-at-home heroes relate *their* "recollections of the stormy days."

STIFF HATS—Greenewalds', Bradford.

Progressive Pottery.

Patsey Ferguson's "little sight store," for many years one of the institutions of Bradford is a little sight store no longer. Simon has rented the spacious store room on the corner of Main and Pine streets he has come to the front as one of the prominent business men and manufacturers in that city. He not only has probably the largest retail trade in his line in the city, but does an immense wholesale business. He manufactures the most, if not all, of his cigars, keeping in constant employment from eight to a dozen hands. Some of his brands, especially his new "Reputation," are very popular with lovers of a good cigar. Patsey is popular with his employees, because he looks out for their interests and rights as well as his own. He deserves success, and all who know him will be glad that he is winning it.

ORDER OF THANKS.

HEADQUARTERS McKEAN POST NO. 347, DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA, G. A. R.—DEC. 6, 1883.

General Order No. 1.—Post 347 hereby extends their cordial thanks to the ladies of Smethport and vicinity for their generous assistance in providing for the entertainment of visiting comrades at the Camp Fire on Thanksgiving day; also we would especially thank the Smethport Cornet Band for the fine tender of music at the parade on that occasion.

B. F. WRIGHT, Com.

A. L. HUGHES, Adj't.

NECKWEAR and Furnishing Goods—Greatest Variety—Greenewalds', Largest Clothiers and Hatters. 124 Main street. Opposite Riddell House, Bradford, Pa.

Professional Notice.

The undersigned announces to the public that he is prepared to perform the duties of a Professional Nurse wherever her services may be required, either in or out of town. From a long experience in this capacity she is confident of being able to give good satisfaction. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly responded to.

MRS. FRANK KERNS.

Smethport, Dec. 6, '83. tf.

Attention is invited to the following endorsements:

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—I hereby endorse that Mrs. Frank Kerns, of this borough, is fair for the good qualities of efficient private nurse, the capacity of nurse to be highly recommended. Also to general business, for in those capacities she has been employed by me for years, and is now employed with me.

A. L. FREEMAN, M. D.

Smethport, Nov., 1883.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—This is to say that that we have known Mrs. Frank Kerns in the capacity of nurse for a number of years and freely say that she is very efficient.

E. L. SMITH, M. D.
H. E. SMITH, M. D.

Smethport, Dec. 1, 1883.

FOR SALE.

Plymouth Rock Chickens.

I have a few Plymouth Rock Cockerels, which I will sell on reasonable terms for cash.

49-tf. FRANK KERN, Bradford, Pa.

TWENTY YEARS IN CONGRESS.

Blaine, Lincoln to Garfield—A History of National Legislation from 1861 to 1881.

The most momentuous events of our national history are crowded within the period of twenty years from 1861 to 1881. The leading actor in those events and one most prominently associated with the history of that period is James G. Blaine. The fact that Mr. Blaine has been for a long time engaged in writing an inside history of the events of these years has created a lively interest in the forth coming work, and the demand for it will no doubt exceed that of any other American work that has every been published. No man in the nation is better fitted than in all respects for the duties of a historian of that period of our national history than Mr. Blaine. In the prime of his powers and unconstrained by the trammels of office, he has given himself wholly to his great task. He possesses that absolute knowledge of the subject which comes from actual and influential participation. On the floor and in the Speaker's chair of the House of Representatives and on the floor of the Senate, he witnessed the great events which he now places on the historic page. He will give relative facts and inner history of events of which no other writer could be cognizant. His statements will possess an authority which will not be questioned. His personal reminiscences of Lincoln, Douglass, Seward, Chase, Giddings, Hale, Stevens, Stanton, Breckenridge, Sumner, Wilson, Garfield, Pennenden, Raymond, and many others of the past, with incidents of many public men still living, will give a peculiar interest and fascination to the work. No library will be complete without this great work. No politician, no student of history, no citizen who desires to acquaint himself with the real history of his country and his times will willingly be without it. It will be complete in two volumes of 600 pages each, with fifty steel engravings, and substantially bound. It will only be sold on subscription. E. G. Apple, of Meadville, late sheriff of Crawford county, is agent for this county.

Fine Oranges.

What he claims to be the finest oranges ever brought into Smethport can be seen at H. L. Wilson's grocery store. They are sent to him expressly by S. V. Geddes, and are constantly and personally selected by him. We have never seen a finer looking orange, and "Steve" guarantees them to be the best the state of Florida produces.

Increasing the Capacity.

T. R. Frisbee has been making some decided additions and improvements to the capacity of his mill at Cesyville and will be prepared to cut an unusual large amount of lumber the coming season. He has already contracted a large amount of logs, and proposes that his new mill shall turn out as much good lumber as any in the county. With the mill and store on his hands he has as much business as one man would wish to attend to. That his trade at his store is no small matter may be inferred from the fact that his freight bills for goods the past month have been nearly a hundred dollars.

Murder in Farmersville.

Charles Clark, of Farmersville, N. Y., shot and killed his wife Saturday afternoon. He escaped, and deputy sheriff Waring, of Franklinville, is now searching for him. He was traced to Bradford but up to yesterday had not been captured. Clark is said to be a drinking man, and several times had been arrested for drunkenness. A few days ago his wife refused to live with him, but remained in the house. Friday, Clark went to Rushford and bought a revolver. Saturday, he sought his wife and shot her in the neck. On the back of her neck the flesh had been haggled to the bone. Altogether, it was a most horrible murder. Clark changed his clothes and skipped, leaving the blood stained clothes behind. He is 31 years old. A reward of $250 is offered by the sheriff for Clark's arrest.

Excursion to Florida.

The annual excursion to Florida under the management of the Bradford land agent, E. H. Scott, will leave Bradford on Wednesday morning, the 26th inst., at 10 o'clock. The first excursion was a pronounced success, and parties wishing to visit the gulf coast of Florida will find this excursion an excellent opportunity. The rates are so low as to be within the reach of all. Round trip tickets are good until June 1, 1884. For further information and rates of fare, apply to E. H. Scott, Agent, No. 37 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

We Haven't

Sold much about our Men's and Youths' suits lately, but how can we help it, neither is there now, for that matter.

The truth is they are so nearly equal the best efforts of the Merchant Tailor that they have been doing their own advertising.

Not a day passes but some one comes in and asks to see a suit like the one some friend bought.

We hunt around among the thousands of Suits upon our counters until the fellow wants to leave. We are sure to sell him if we can fit him, and he leaves us not only delighted with his purchase, but he urges the next friend he meets to look at the excellence of his new suit and its wonderful low price.

There is some satisfaction in doing business this way, and we hope to make your acquaintance that you too may be our friend and customer.

Look at our stock of Men's and Youth's Suits, before you buy. Every garment is new.

GOODMAN & MAMES.

One-price Clothier, 37 Main St., Bradford.

Always Reliable

Greenewalds', Bradford's leading Clothiers and Hatters. 124 Main street. No misrepresentations. Money refunded.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co., of Olean, N. Y., will discontinue their business at an early date.

To effect this their entire stock of merchandise must be sold in a very few weeks.

With the exception of Carpets, all their departments are complete in every respect.

$75,000 worth of General Dry Goods, Draperies, Wall Papers and Boots and Shoes will be sold at prices that will make it to the interest of every reader of this announcement to examine this immense stock before making their winter purchases.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

Olean, N. Y., Dec. 6, 1883.

The Press

THE FOREMOST REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER

FOR THE PRESIDENTIAL YEAR, 1884.

Weekly Press, - - - $1.00 a Year.
Daily Press, - - - $6.00 a Year.

The coming year will be notable. Congress, elected largely as a Republican Senate and a Democratic House, will be busy Presidential making. The great battle of Protection against Free Trade will agitate the Capitol and the country. The Presidential campaign will be the hardest fought and most exciting political struggle for a quarter of a century. Europe, in the opinion of the best informed, trembles on the eve of a great war.

With such an outlook a live newspaper which prints all the news and tells the whole truth about it is more than ever a necessity. Such a newspaper is THE PRESS. Its Telegraphic service in the field, other places is to be tremendously augmented with a corps of over five hundred active correspondents distributed all over the civilized world. Two special cable services which it announces, with the New York *Herald* service, every phase of currency in European life. No great events in all the elements which go to make up a broad, full, complete journal.

Being a complete newspaper, THE WEEKLY PRESS has earned itself the name which put in at the top. The AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, conducted by eminent contributors from the foremost writers in various branches, gives the practical things that people want to know on timely topics in its garden, farm, HOUSEHOLD HINTS from WOMEN OF MANY DEPARTMENT, edited by Mrs. KATE UPSON CLARK, is full of information, hints and happy thoughts for every wife, mother and head of a household.

A few features of the coming year will be the highly valuable letters of CARROLL D. WRIGHT on Wages of Working men, the general conditions of Labor and the Cost of Living in Europe as compared with America. Mr. WRIGHT, who had charge of the subject for the Census of 1880, has spent a little study, and has been abroad this year conducting a special investigation. His letters will give the facts as to earnings in all the various industries, the purchasing power of wages, strikes, trades-unionism, arbitration, etc.

The WEEKLY PRESS is full of stories home reading, with poems, and other matter for the little folks, stories and pastimes for adults and children, fashion notes, recipes, glimpses from current literature, a carefully summary of domestic and foreign news, and a current discussion of the great questions of the day.

Sample copies mailed free.

NEW TERMS OF THE PRESS:

By mail, postage free in the U. S. and Canada.
Daily, except Sunday, $8 cts. a month; $5 a year
Daily, including Sunday, 35 cts. a month; $7.30 a year
Sunday Press, $2.00 a year.
Weekly Press, - - - $1.00 a Year.

Drafts, Checks and Post-Office Orders may be sent at our risk and should be made payable to the order of

THE PRESS CO., Limited,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Alone but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT March 14, 1883.—tf.

E. B. FREEMAN,
General
Insurance Agent

Office over Richmond's Drug Store.

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT POLICIES.

LEGAL.

Alias Sci Fa to Revive Judgment.

No. 141, Sept. Term, 1883.

Chas. Thurston and for use of E. Tupper use of D. J. Keyes, vs. Wm. Knight, Sheriff of Warren County, and Frank Knight, Sheriff of Pennsylvania to the use of said County, Garnishee.

WHEREAS, George Townsend for use of E. Tupper use of D. J. Keyes, Intervenor in our Court of Common Pleas of the County of McKean, in the term of May, 1883, in the year A. D. 1883, before the Judges of our said Court at Smethport, by the consideration of the Court thereof, recovered against Chester Thurston and Harriet Knight, late of the said county, as well as a certain debt of one hundred thirty-six and 00-100 dollars as the same is due and owing to the said George Townsend for use of E. Tupper use of D. J. Keyes in our said Court, were adjudged for the debt or damage, which he had sustained by the detention of the said debt, whereof the said Chester Thurston and Harriet Knight are convicted as by the record and proceedings thereupon in our said Court, more fully appears. And whereas five years are nearly elapsed since the said judgment was obtained and no execution has been issued thereon, and the said Chester Thurston and Harriet Knight have neglected and refused to pay the said debt and costs, and the said Frank Knight, Sheriff of Warren County, has returned that the said Chester Thurston and Harriet Knight have not any goods or chattels, lands or tenements within his bailiwick whereof he can be commanded to make the debt aforesaid, or any part thereof, as by the said writ he was commanded

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. F. Richmond & Son,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

DRUGS,

PATENT MEDICINES.

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa,

W. T. CALLAR,

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS & MEDICINES!

TOILET ARTICLES,

Stationery, Etc., Etc.

—ALSO, DEALER IN—

Wines & Liquors.

General Insurance Agency.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

W. T. CALLAR.
SMETHPORT, PA

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in

Drugs and Medicines

PAINTS, OILS.

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

Picture Frames of all Kinds.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

SMETHPORT, PA.

COPYING AND ENLARGING

A Specialty.

Landscaping and Viewing

(Call and examine prepared specimens.)

BERGSTRESSER'S

W. W. RUSS. E. W. RUSS.

W. W. RUSS & SON,
—Dealers in—

FURNITURE,

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

Repairing and Upholstering Done.

No. 45 Main Street,

BRADFORD, PENN'A.

We guarantee that parties wishing furniture can do as well with us as any house in Buffalo or any other city.

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls intrusted to their profession.

MISCELLANEOUS

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 4, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883-tf.

J. C. HAMLIN,
—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low, if not lower, than they can get them in any other store in the county.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Lines of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

NEW

Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

Having recently opened a meat and Vegetable market in

SMETHPORT!

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., always on hand.

—ALSO,—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

Highest market price paid for Hides.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, - - - Smethport, Pa.
20tf

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

As an invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has received the most positive endorsement from eminent physicians, and has long occupied a prominent place among standard proprietary remedies. Its properties as an alterative of digestion, and a preventive of malarial diseases may be found in the experience of many thousands who have proved and testified to its merits. For sale by Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1884.

McKean County Miner

MODERN METHODISTS.

Pen Picture of Samuel J. Tilden—Brick Pomeroy's Graphic Sketch of the Sage of Gramercy Park.

Brick Pomeroy sketches in the following off hand manner the probable democratic candidate for the presidency in 1884: If there ever was a cold blooded, heartless, perfidious, detestible, dishonest, double-dealing detriment to democratic decency, Samuel Jones Tilden is that specimen of what nature can turn out in a fit of disgust over some debauch, as the stomach rids itself of a rotten oyster thrown back into a shell. William M. Tweed made Tilden chairman of the democratic state committee in New York. He even confided to him his political and legislative plans, all of which Tilden helped on till the net was full, when he jumped out of the boat, changed his coat, turned informer, but spelled it with a capital R and said as a, and set up as a saint. * * * *

* * It was Tilden who helped to defeat Seymour, the purest democratic statesman New York has in her borders, lest the election of Seymour close the bars against Tilden. It was Tilden who helped the nomination of Greeley in 1872 in order to secure the re-election of Grant and keep New York in reserve for himself.

When Tweed came back from Cuba and became an inmate in a prison he refused to betray his confederates, and then Tilden felt safe. At last, when nearly all of those Tweed had enriched deserted him—after his wife had visited him day after day and prayed with him in prison, and urged him in self-defense to tell what he knew and go free, as he could have done—he sent for Charles O'Conor and gave to him a list of names of those who had robbed the city, and said:

"I give this list to you, Mr. O'Conor, as a matter of honor. Those I have enriched have deserted me. My duty to my family points the way to my escape. Take this list on these conditions: If it is of sufficient importance to insure my liberty, use it only in the interest of justice. If not, hand it back to me for destruction, and let no man see it or know its contents but yourself."

To this Mr. O'Conor assented. He went from this interview with Tweed and saw Governor Tilden, who demanded that the list be given to him. Mr. O'Conor refused to break his word to Tweed, and so reported. Tilden did not wish the list in the interest of justice or restitution, but that he might compel the persons named therein to support him, advocate his pretentions, help him to the nomination for Presidency and contribute of their ill-gotten gains to aid his election under penalty of his advertising them to the world, and of having them arrested. No matter what he was, there was more of honor and honesty in the most dishonest act William M. Tweed ever engaged in than there is, or for the past thirty years has been, in the most honest thoughts of Samuel J. Tilden.

WHAT TILDEN'S NOMINATION COST.

In 1876 Tilden spent a full half-million of dollars to secure his nomination and election to the presidency. Man proposes—God disposes: and he did not occupy the coveted chair, and never will.

TILDEN'S TREASON IN 1860.

In 1860 Samuel J. Tilden contributed largely of money to prevent New York casting her vote for Hancock, and then tried to saddle the responsibility of Hancock's defeat off on John Kelly and Tammany. The election of Hancock would close the door against Tilden and therefore in the hope of gaining the prize and place to reward tools and punish honest independence and genuine democracy, he did in his sly, devilish, cash-in-hand way enough to neutralize and make nugatory all the efforts of the millions of honest democrats, who, not knowing the game for their defeat, marched with banners flying up Fools' Lane, only to be Tildenized.

PUBCELL'S DEFEAT.

This year, in order to gratify his devilish malice against certain honest, honorable democrats in and about Rochester, he secured the defeat of Purcell, an able and honest democrat, for secretary of state, and secured the nomination of Maynard, whose reputation as a prohibitionist entered him as a defeated candidate from the first, with no possible show for his election.

Why?

That he might demoralize the democracy of New York, help make the state republican again, as it now is in the legislature, and thus humiliate Governor Cleveland, who had a larger majority than Tilden when he was elected, and gave out the idea that New York is not a democratic state any more unless he, Samuel Judas Tilden, is the duly selected high priest.—*Letter to Buffalo Evening News.*

Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago
With bilious fever."

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I
Could not move!
I shrunk!
From 220 pounds to 130! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles I am not only as sound as a sovereign but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life."
Dublin, June 6, '81. R. FITZPATRICK.

CHAPTER II.

"Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1881. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache, Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating form. No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters. "The first bottle
Nearly cured me."
The second made me as well and strong as when a child.
"And I have been so to this day."
My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious
"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint, "Pronounced by Boston's best physicians—
"Incurable!"
Seven bottles of your bitters cured him and I know of the
"Lives of eight persons"
In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.
And many more are using them with great benefit.
"They almost
Do miracles!" —*Mrs. E. D. Slack.*

How to GET BACK Express yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters!

Enrich The Blood.

Hamilton's German Bitters are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient tonic. Especially indigestion, dyspepsia, want of appetite, loss of strength, lack of energy, &c. They enrich the blood, strengthen the system, and give new life to the nerves. They act like a charm in the digestive organs, regulate all dyspeptic symptoms, and strengthen the stomach. If weak or there is a general loss of physical vigor, these Bitters are just what you need. Only 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

BUTLER, N. Y., Sept. 1, 1883.

Rheumatic Syrup Co:

Gents—Feeling grateful for what your medicine has done for me, I desire to make the following statement: For two years or more I have suffered from rheumatism. Much of the time I could not dress myself nor put food in my mouth, and suffered the most intense pain all the while. Some five weeks since I was persuaded to try your Rheumatic Syrup. Before I had used two bottles the pain had all left, so that I slept soundly nights; I can now dress myself and need no one to feed me, and, in fact, feel as well as ever I did in my life, all from the use of the best medicine in the world —Rheumatic Syrup. JOHN WICKS.

THE New York World is authority for the statement that plentiain, if not permitted to go to seed for two years, will die out. Mow previous to seed time two years in succession.

Merited Success.

DR. HARTMAN & CO.—Gents: PERUNA sells very well here. I have ordered several dozens bottles since your agent was here. W. W. STEELE & CO.,
Chillicothe, Ohio.

Am selling your PERUNA. It gives universal satisfaction.
O. W. BARRERE, Hillsboro, Ohio.

Trade is splendid on PERUNA. We never sold a medicine that gave better satisfaction. D. REED & SON,
Pleasantville, Ohio.

The cans of medicine you sent me came all right, and is doing me good. Others think so too, who have tried it. Please send me a dozen bottle of PERUNA.
ROBERT LOGAN, Topeka, Kas.

Your PERUNA sells fast, and gives good satisfaction. J. C. RANDERS,
Martinsburg, Va.

This great medicine can be found at all drug stores. Ask for it. Also the book on the "Ills of Life."

Are Your Children Feverish

And sad eyed? Do they have abnormal appetite and crave food constantly? Beware of worms. Very few children escape their ravages. No child can be happy or well while suffering with worms. They sap the very life by preventing the digestion and assimilation of food. There is a sure remedy. It is called Parmelee's Santonine Worm Candies. They are perfectly harmless but will quickly dissolve the worms and pass them off through the bowels. Buy no other. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

Another County Heard From.

MR. G. T. DERRIN, Dear Sir—I purchased a bottle of your Great Blood, Liver and Kidney Cure one year ago for my daughter, 13 years, whose head was covered with scrofulous sores from her birth, which has taken them all off. I wish to purchase two more to thoroughly finish the work. Very truly, &c., MRS. C. M. Talbridge, Bolivar, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1883.

The above is one of hundreds of cases of the kind, as well as testimonials that I get from persons on my daily travels, while canvassing to introduce a genuine curative for the people. All kidney and liver troubles are promptly relieved by its use. Ask your druggist to order for you or order direct from the proprietor,
G. T. DERRIN,
Prentiss Vale,
McKean Co., Pa.

How Watch Cases are Made.

Most persons have an ambition to carry a gold watch case, and yet few people know how a watch case is made, or the vast difference in the quality of them. In a SOLID GOLD WATCH CASE, aside from the necessary thickness for engraving and polishing, a large proportion of the metal is needed only to stiffen and hold the engraved portions in place, and supply strength. The surplus is not only needless, but unfortunate, because gold is a soft metal and cannot furnish the stiffness, strength and elasticity necessary to make the case permanently strong and close fitting. The *perfect* watch case must combine gold with some metal that will supply that in which the gold is deficient. This has been accomplished by the *James Boss Gold Watch Case* which saves the WASTE of needless gold, and INCREASES the SOLIDITY and STRENGTH of the case, and at the same time reduces the cost ONE HALF.

Send 3 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome illustrated Pamphlet showing how *James Boss* and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(To be continued.)

Swayne's Pills Comforting to the Sick

Thousands the world over neglect to procure from their nearest druggist, Swayne's Pills, Maine Liver Regulator, Kidney Heart Diseases (dropsy), and rheumatism. But to the debilitated, broken down, nervous and sickly, we recommend the "SWAYNE'S PILLS," which contain medicinal properties found by no other remedy. Send by mail for 25 cents, box 25 pills, 3 boxes $1, on receipt. Address, Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all druggists.

Smethport

SASH FACTORY.

Near the McKean & Buffalo Depot.

Sash, Doors and Blinds, Matching, Mouldings, Brackets, Planing, Turning, Etc.,

On Hand and Furnished at Short Notice.

J. C. Strong, Prop'r.

CALL ON

C. L. DOUGLASS

For Your

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Boots & Shoes, Etc.

He keeps on hand the best goods the market affords. Also Proprietor of

SMETHPORT GRIST MILL.

Feed and Meal

of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.

Northside St., SMETHPORT, PA.

WAGON.

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING!

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet?

All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

Free! Cards and Circulars.

We will send free by mail a sample set of our fancy Germans, French, and American Chromo Cards, name on, and full particulars how to get free Gold and Silver Watch, or valuable box of goods, by which you can make from $5 to $20 per day, and live at home. If you want profitable work, address at once, Novelty Co., Bangor, Me. Agents wanted. Address P. GARRETT & Co., 23 Exchange Street, Boston, Mass.

WANTED BOOK Canvassers. TALK and PREMIUM!

Energy is the sole of our game and honesty the motto of our firm. Address, with stamp, for terms, etc., H. W. Foster Book Co., Boston, Mass.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Rheumatic SYRUP.

The Greatest Blood Purifier Known!

RHEUMATISM CURED.	SCROFULA CURED.	NEURALGIA CURED.
Rochester, N. Y., Apr. 6th, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co:* Gents—I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism for two years, and learning of the success of Rheumatic Syrup I concluded to give it a trial to try one bottle, and I cheerfully say that I have been greatly benefited by its use. I can walk with entire freedom from pain and my general health is very much improved. I feel confident a few bottles more will effect a complete cure. Yours truly, E. CHESTER PARK, M. D.	Point Breeze, N. Y., Feb. 20, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co:* I had been doctoring for three or four years, with different physicians, for scrofula, but ineffectually, and I was told it had settled in my blood. I was finally induced to try your Rheumatic Syrup. After taking it a short time, to my surprise, it seemed to help me. I continuing its use a few weeks, I found myself as well as ever. As a blood purifier, I think it has no equal. MRS. WILLIAM STRANO	Fairmont, N. Y., March 12, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co:* GENTS—Since November, 1882, I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and have to confess that it was to the first from pain until I commenced the use of Rheumatic Syrup. I have left no pain since using the fourth bottle. I think it the best remedy I have ever heard of for purifying the blood and for the cure of rheumatism and neuralgia. W. E. CHASE.

Manufactured by RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., 1 Plymouth Ave., Rochester, N.Y.

For Sale by all Druggists. Price $1.00 per Bottle or 6 Bottles for $5.00.

JOHN DIGEL'S MARBLE WORKS.

Monumental and Mantel Designs

EXECUTED IN THE BEST STYLE FROM EITHER

MARBLE OR SLATE.

Water Street - - - - Smethport, Pa.

H. W. RUBIN,

DEALER IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker as Engraver, I am now prepared to do all of such work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted. I have also on hand a fine assortment of

Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Main Street. SMETHPORT, PA.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

SIBLEY'S SEEDS

HIRAM SIBLEY & CO, Rochester, N.Y. Chicago, Ill.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBER SINGING DOLL.

A MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

that will play any tune, and that any one, even a child, can operate.

AN ORCHESTRA IN EVERY HOME.

The Massachusetts Organ Co., 87 Washington Street, Boston, Mass. U. S. A.

A PRESENT OF $50.00

—TO—

Horsemen and Farmers.

CENTAURINE!

—THE GREAT—

Cleansing and Healing Compound

is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Cracks, Sore Heels, Mud Fever, or Weeds of any kind on Horses or Mules. Centaurine has had a usual reputation for twenty years, dating back to the fall of '63, when a ground of petroleum was discovered. Join to an advertising design. The above is a good, Ask your druggist what any testimonials are to send to it. Remember, it has been tried, it is genuine, it is sure you nothing if Halle to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE

HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation, free from any mineral, and has a usual reputation with Centaurine. They are not up in the same, but the best and most powerful Tonic ever used. The only one Tonic and Blood Purifier Compound in the market. Price 50 cents per box.

Don't forget our

White Pine Petroleum Roof Ointment

The great manner of nature in softening the hardened and brittle leaves. Try a sample of these valuable preparations. And if they don't prove satisfactory, get your money. Prices from 25 cents per box. Manufactured by

WILSON & BRENNEMAN, Pharmaceutists, RANDALL CREEK, PA.

For sale by all druggists.

NAVAL [illegible] BATTLES

HOW MANY MILES DO YOU DRIVE

THE

ODOMETER

WILL TELL.

This instrument is no larger than a watch. It tells the exact number of miles driven, to the tenth part of a mile; counts up to 1,000 miles; runs one day light; always in order; never leaves home; keeps a record of "Miles driven," "Miles to Destination," "Number of Horses," "Number of Pigs," "Number of Sheep," "Number of Cattle," "Number of Hogs," "Number of Chickens," &c. Invaluable to Commercial Travelers, Physicians, Surveyors, Farmers, Livery men, Pleasure Drivers, Detectives, &c. Price only $5.00; each, one-third the price of any other odometer. When ordering give distance of the wheel. Sent by mail on receipt of price, you paid. Address

McDOWELL ODOMETER CO.,
2 North La Salle St., Chicago.

Send for Circular. 18jul3m

The World Challenged.

For Man & Beast

This liniment has been manufactured and used for twenty five years, and most intermediate combination of medicines ever put up in one package. We do not offer it as an Internal Remedy, simply asserting that any liniment that can be taken into the stomach will not be heavy one, have nothing like equal to soothe or stop pain when externally applied. It has no equal. It will relieve more pain, subdue more inflammation, heal more wounds, cure more lameness, and do it more quickly than any liniment ever known. Sold by druggists generally. Manufactured by Standard Remedy Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

FREE TRIAL

HANOVER'S SPECIFIC. An unfailing and speedy cure for Nervous Debility and exhaustion, Loss of Vitality and Vigor, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria or any still remain of indiscretion, excess, over work, abuse of Alcohol, Tobacco, opium, over heated, &c. Sent by mail on receipt of price, $1.00. Address, Dr. W. W. HANOVER, Cor. Clark and Calhoun Sts., Chicago, Ill.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1884.

Harper's Magazine,

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Magazine begins its sixty-eighth volume with the December number. It is the most popular illustrated monthly in America and England, always full of the best articles in the finest style of engraving, and with the best literature of contemporary authors. Its editorial departments, Literature, Science, and Art, Editor's Study, Editor's Drawer, and Editor's Table, are conducted by able writers, and always interesting to the intelligent reader. Its fiction is by the best writers, and always entertaining. Its illustrations are the finest that can be produced. Its steel engravings are of the highest order of excellence. Its wood engravings are unsurpassed in number and beauty. Its illustrations of art work are from the best sources. Its literary and artistic merits are of the highest order. Its stories, travels, essays, and poems are by the first American and European authors. Its choice and judicious wood fill portfolios, and its numerous plates are the best amusing to be found in any journal in America. A host of brilliant new features are promised for 1884.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	$10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the *Magazine* begin with the Number for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Eight Volumes of *Harper's Magazine*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $3 00 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1884.

Harper's Weekly,

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Weekly stands at the head of American illustrated weekly journals. By its unparalleled facilities it presents, in the most complete and interesting manner, the progress of American progress. It will be sure to the aim of the publishers to make *Harper's Weekly* the most popular and attractive family newspaper in the world, and, in the pursuance of this design, to present a record of the progress of the times, which has gained for it the confidence, sympathy and support of its large army of readers.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS

Per Year:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	$10 00

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The Volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Weekly*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1884.

Harper's Bazar,

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Bazar is among the most brilliant and useful illustrated journals in existence. It is the acknowledged organ of fashion in this country, and its fashion plates are the newest and most detailed, and its patterns the most reliable and economical. Its literary and artistic merits are of the highest order. The illustrations of art work are from the best sources. Its literary and artistic merits are of the highest order. Its stories, travels, essays, and poems are by the first American and European authors. Its choice and judicious wood fill portfolios, and its numerous plates are the best amusing to be found in any journal in America. A host of brilliant new features are promised for 1884.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS

Per Year:

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One year (52 Numbers)	$10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

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Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1884

Harper's Young People,

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY—16 PAGES.

Suited to Boys and Girls of From Six to Sixteen Years of Age.

Vol. V. Commences November 6, 1883.

HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE is the best weekly for children in America.—*Boston Journal.*

All that the article could can accomplish to the end of illustration has just been done, and the latest issue of the serial has contributed to the task.—*New England Journal of Education, Boston.*

It is a special field there is nothing that can be compared with it.—*Hartford Morning Post.*

Terms.

Harper's Young People, Per Year, Postage Prepaid, $1 00.
Single Numbers, Five Cents each.

The Volumes of *Harper's Young People* for 1881, 1882, and 1883, be elegantly bound in illuminated cloth, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each. Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A beautiful dressing preserves and restores the hair. Cures dandruff and humors. Prevents baldness and gray hair. Keeps the head cool and healthy. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

FLORESTON

Exotic Perfumed Flower essence in elegant, durable, and convenient form. Produces the fragrance of the natural flower. Delicate, lasting, and refreshing. Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail, 75 cents.

COLOGNE

SUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER,

CURES BY THE USE OF

CONSUMPTION

Bleeding of Blood, Severe Coughs, Croup, Colds, Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

Price, regular size $1 00. Ask your druggist for it. SUENTHER & CO., Pittsburgh.

TRADE MARK.

FREE TRIAL

HANOVER'S SPECIFIC. An unfailing and speedy cure for Nervous Debility and exhaustion, Loss of Vitality and Vigor, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria or any still remain of indiscretion, excess, over work, abuse of Alcohol, Tobacco, opium, over heated, &c. Sent by mail on receipt of price, $1.00. Address, Dr. W. W. HANOVER, Cor. Clark and Calhoun Sts., Chicago, Ill.

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. E. THOMPSON'S

SAROSMA BUCHU BACK-ACHE

LIVER AND KIDNEY CURE.

The popularity of these goods is due to their intrinsic worth, original style, and the complete satisfaction they give to the consumer. Our SAROSMA, in particular, is giving great satisfaction to the suffering public as a Liver and Kidney Cure; also, SWEET WORM POWDER is doing a great deal of good in relieving adults and children.

My DANDELION AND MANDRAKE PILLS, as a Tonic and Liver Regulator, and for Constipation, have no equal.

PREPARED AT TITUSVILLE, PA.

For Sale by Druggists.

SWAYNES PILLS

Cause to free of fuss and bother on Brandy

ALL IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Advantages a Speed, Pleasant, and Safe Cure for

CONSTIPATION,

DYSPEPSIA,

LIVER

Complaint, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervousness, Piles, Female Weakness, Sick Headache, Impotency, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Ulcers, Tumors, Humors, Boils, Blotches, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Mercurial Diseases, Blood Poisoning, Syphilitic Complaints, Female Complaints, Chronic Weaknesses, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Premature Old Age, Hypochondria, Blues, Dizziness, Spinal Diseases, Pain in the Back, Kidneys, Bladder, Uterine Pains, Female Irregularities, Leucorrhœa, Ulceration of the Womb, Prolapsus or Falling of the Womb, Gravel, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Pain in the Chest, Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Bowels, Nervous System, Urinary Organs, Female System, Skin, Eyes, Ears, Head, Nerves, Limbs, Joints, Feet, Hands, Bones, Muscles, Flesh, Nails, Hair, Constitution, Sick Headache